

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Ceftiofur Sodium Sterile Powder

Other means of identification

Synonyms Excenel * Naxcel * Ceftiofur sodium powder for solution * Excenel sterile powder

Recommended use Veterinary antibiotic agent

Recommended restrictions Not for human use

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name (US) Zoetis Inc.
10 Sylvan Way
Parsippany, New Jersey 07054 (USA)

Rocky Mountain Poison and Drug Center 1-866-531-8896

Product Support/Technical Services 1-800-366-5288

Emergency telephone numbers CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300
International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887

Company Name (EU) Zoetis Belgium S.A.
Mercuriusstraat 20
1930 Zaventem
Belgium

Emergency telephone number International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887

Contact E-Mail VMIPSrecords@zoetis.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Sensitization, respiratory Category 1
Sensitization, skin Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Combustible dust

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May form combustible dust concentrations in air. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Response	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store away from incompatible materials.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	Individuals who are sensitive to beta lactam antibiotics, both penicillins and cephalosporins, may experience contact or systemic hypersensitivity and anaphylaxis upon exposure to this drug. Ingestion of this material may cause effects similar to those generally seen in clinical use of antibiotics including gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, transient diarrhea, nausea, and abdominal pain.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Ceftiofur Hydrochloride	Cephalosporin antibiotic; b-lactam antibiotic; b-lactamase inhibitor	103980-44-5	98
Sodium hydroxide		1310-73-2	1
Benzyl Alcohol (in the sterile diluent)		100-51-6	<1
Potassium phosphate		7778-77-0	<1
Sterile diluent for injection		7732-18-5	

Composition comments In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, the exact percentage composition of this mixture has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Ingestion may result in mild gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting, or diarrhea.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. High concentration of airborne dust may form explosive mixture with air.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	May form combustible dust concentrations in air. Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Ventilate the contaminated area. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Prevent product from entering drains. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Collect spill with an inert, non-combustible absorbent material and transfer to labeled container for disposal. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Prevent release to the environment. Small Spills: Wipe up with a damp cloth and place in container for disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not breathe dust. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid accidental injection. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in a well-ventilated place. Before reconstitution: @ 15-30°C (59-86°F). Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Protect from sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of the reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

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Components	Type	Value
Ceftiofur Hydrochloride (CAS 103980-44-5)	TWA	200 µg/m ³

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	PEL	2 mg/m ³

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m ³

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m ³

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
Benzyl Alcohol (in the sterile diluent) (CAS 100-51-6)	TWA	44.2 mg/m ³ 10 ppm

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Exposure guidelines	OEL Additional Information: Sensitizer
Control banding approach	Not available.
Appropriate engineering controls	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. General ventilation normally adequate.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. Impervious gloves are recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk processing operations.
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing. Impervious protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk processing operations.
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respiratory protection should be provided in instances where exposure to dust, mists, aerosols or vapors are likely. If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge, full facepiece, dust and mist filter.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Powder for reconstitution plus sterile diluent
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder. plus sterile diluent.
Color	Off-white to tan
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.

Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	>400 mg/ml
Solubility (other)	Slight (methanol, THF)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Bases.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition products may include oxides of carbon, nitrogen, and sulfur.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Benzyl Alcohol (in the sterile diluent) Species: Guinea Pig
Severity: Moderate

Species: Rabbit
Severity: Minimal

Ceftiofur Hydrochloride Species: Rabbit
Severity: Minimal

Sodium hydroxide Species: Rabbit
Severity: Severe

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ceftiofur Hydrochloride Species: Rabbit
Severity: Minimal

Benzyl Alcohol (in the sterile diluent) Species: Rabbit
Severity: Severe

Sodium hydroxide Species: Rabbit
Severity: Severe

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Ingestion may result in mild gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting, or diarrhea.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Components	Species	Test Results
Benzyl Alcohol (in the sterile diluent) (CAS 100-51-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 4.178 mg/L 1000 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1580 mg/kg
	Rat	1230 mg/kg
Ceftiofur Hydrochloride (CAS 103980-44-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 8.3 mg/L
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 7760 mg/kg
Other		
LD50	Rat	927 mg/kg [Sub-tenon injection (eye)]
Subchronic		
Oral		
NOEL	Dog	30 mg/kg/day, 90 days [Target organ(s): Blood forming organs]
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)		
Acute		
Intraperitoneal		
LD50	Mouse	40 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.		
Corrosivity		
Ceftiofur Hydrochloride		Species: Rabbit Severity: Minimal irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.		
Eye Contact		
Ceftiofur Hydrochloride		Species: Rabbit Severity: Minimal
Benzyl Alcohol (in the sterile diluent)		Species: Rabbit Severity: Severe
Sodium hydroxide		Species: Rabbit Severity: Severe
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.		
Mutagenicity		
Ceftiofur Hydrochloride		Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Result: Negative Species: Salmonella , E. coli

Mutagenicity
Ceftiofur Hydrochloride

Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity
Result: Negative
Species: Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells

Unscheduled DNA Synthesis
Result: Negative
Species: Rat

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Developmental effects

Ceftiofur Hydrochloride

3200 mg/kg/day Embryo / Fetal Development, Not
Teratogenic
Result: NOEL
Species: Rat
Organ: Oral

Reproductivity

Ceftiofur Hydrochloride

1000 mg/kg/day 2 Generation Reproductive Toxicity,
Fetotoxicity
Result: NOEL
Species: Rat
Organ: Oral

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. This product may affect blood and blood forming organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Further information Individuals who are sensitive to beta lactam antibiotics, both penicillins and cephalosporins, may experience contact or systemic hypersensitivity and anaphylaxis upon exposure to this drug.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. Avoid release to the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Benzyl Alcohol (in the sterile diluent) (CAS 100-51-6)	EC50	Daphnia magna (Water Flea)	230 mg/L, 48 Hours
			66 mg/L, 21 Day(s) Reproduction
		Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (Green Alga)	500 mg/L, 72 Hours
	LC50	Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow)	460 mg/L, 96 Hours
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	10 mg/l, 96 hours
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)			
	Aquatic		
	Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	125 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	None known.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IATA	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	Not regulated.	
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)	Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Listed.
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	Not regulated.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	Not regulated.	
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)		
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	Not listed.	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)	Not regulated.	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	01-06-2014
Revision date	04-05-2017
Version #	04
Further information	Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.
Disclaimer	Zoetis Inc. believes that the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.