

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Somubac®
Other means of identification
Synonyms Somubac * SOMBUBAC * Haemophilus Somnus Bacterin
Recommended use Veterinary vaccine
Recommended restrictions Not for human use

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name (US) Zoetis Inc.
10 Sylvan Way
Parsippany, New Jersey 07054 (USA)
Rocky Mountain Poison and Drug Center 1-866-531-8896
Product Support/Technical Services 1-800-366-5288
Emergency telephone numbers CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300
International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887
Company Name (EU) Zoetis Belgium S.A.
Mercuriusstraat 20
1930 Zaventem
Belgium
Emergency telephone number International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887
Contact E-Mail VMIPSrecords@zoetis.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.
Health hazards Not classified.
Environmental hazards Not classified.
OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.
Signal word None.
Hazard statement The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.
Precautionary statement
Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response Wash hands after handling.
Storage Store away from incompatible materials.
Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. In the event of accidental injection, an allergic reaction may occur.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Water, purified		7732-18-5	>90
Aluminum hydroxide gel		21645-51-2	<10

Material name: Somubac®

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Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Formaldehyde		50-00-0	<0.1
Haemophilus somnus		NOT ASSIGNED	*
Merthiolate (as mercury)		54-64-8	##

Composition comments

Trace

* Non-hazardous Ingredients

In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, the exact percentage composition of this mixture has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

In the case of skin contact, immediately wash the skin with plenty of soap and water. In the event of accidental self injection or needle stick injury, wash the injury thoroughly with clean running water. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort. In the event of accidental injection, an allergic reaction may occur. Signs and symptoms might include skin rash, itching, redness or swelling. Respiratory reactions may be characterized by rhinitis, sneezing, scratchy throat, oral mucosal edema, laryngeal mucosal edema, coughing, shortness of breath, wheezing, and chest pain. Asthma like reactions occur with acute exposures in sensitized patients.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

General information

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid accidental injection. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store out of direct sunlight in dark, dry conditions. @ 2 - 7°C (36 - 45°F). Do not freeze. Store in original tightly closed container. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Type	Value
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	STEL	2 ppm
	TWA	0.75 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8)	Ceiling	0.04 mg/m3
	TWA	0.01 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Aluminum hydroxide gel (CAS 21645-51-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Aluminum hydroxide gel (CAS 21645-51-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Ceiling	0.3 ppm	
Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8)	STEL	0.03 mg/m3	
	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Ceiling	0.1 ppm
	TWA	0.016 ppm
Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8)	STEL	0.03 mg/m3
	TWA	0.01 mg/m3

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Control banding approach

Not available.

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. General ventilation normally adequate.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. Wear impervious gloves if skin contact is possible.
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing. Use protective clothing (uniforms, lab coats, disposable coveralls, etc.) in both production and laboratory areas.
Respiratory protection	No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Not applicable.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid Solution in multiple-dose vials
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	6 - 8
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	> 212 °F (> 100 °C)
Flash point	Non-flammable
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.
Specific gravity 0.8 - 1.2

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Sunlight. Store at 2-7°C. Prolonged exposure to higher temperatures may adversely affect potency. Do not freeze.
Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. This material can be denatured or inactivated by a variety of organic solvents, salts or heavy metals.
Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation No adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.
Skin contact Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
 Formaldehyde
 Species: Rabbit
 Severity: Moderate to Severe

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
 Merthiolate (as mercury)
 Species: Rabbit
 Severity: Mild

Formaldehyde
 Species: Rabbit
 Severity: Severe

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort. In the event of accidental injection, an allergic reaction may occur. Signs and symptoms might include skin rash, itching, redness or swelling. Respiratory reactions may be characterized by rhinitis, sneezing, scratchy throat, oral mucosal edema, laryngeal mucosal edema, coughing, shortness of breath, wheezing, and chest pain. Asthma like reactions occur with acute exposures in sensitized patients.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Test Results
Aluminum hydroxide gel (CAS 21645-51-2)		
Acute		
Other		
LD50	Rat	150 mg/kg
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	270 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	0.414 mg/L, 4 hours
	Rat	0.48 mg/L, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	100 mg/kg
Chronic		
Inhalation		
LOAEL	Mouse	15 ppm, 2 years Tumors
	Rat	15 ppm, 90 days Respiratory system

Components	Species	Test Results
Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8)		6 ppm, 2 years Tumors
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	75 mg/kg
Subcutaneous		
LD50	Rat	98 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Eye Contact		
Merthiolate (as mercury)	Species: Rabbit	Severity: Mild
Formaldehyde	Species: Rabbit	Severity: Severe
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
ACGIH sensitization		
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)	Dermal sensitization Respiratory sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product contains formaldehyde and merthiolate which are considered to be skin sensitizers. This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Skin sensitization		
Formaldehyde	Species: Guinea Pig	Severity: Positive
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Mutagenicity		
Formaldehyde	In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Result: Positive Species: Bacteria	
	In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Result: Positive Species: Rodent	
	In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Result: Positive Species: Rodent	
	In Vivo Chromosome Aberration Result: Positive Species: Not specified	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. No known carcinogens are present at greater than 0.1%.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Cancer	
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens		
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	

Developmental effects

Formaldehyde

185 mg/kg/day Embryo / Fetal Development, Not teratogenic
Maternal toxicity
Species: Mouse
Organ: Oral

40 ppm Embryo / Fetal Development, Not Teratogenic
Maternal Toxicity
Species: Rat
Organ: Inhalation

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Further information	The antigens included in this product are non-infectious. All have been prepared from killed or inactivated preparations of microorganisms.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. Avoid release to the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	EC50	Daphnia magna (Water Flea)	42 mg/L, 24 Hours
	LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout)	118 ppm, 96 Hours
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	4.3 - 7.8 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)	10.302 - 16.743 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater. This product contains trace quantities of mercury and may qualify as a RCRA Hazardous Waste. Status should be confirmed using the EPA Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. This product contains trace quantities of mercury, releases to the environment should be avoided.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) 100 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Cancer
Skin sensitization
Respiratory sensitization
Eye irritation
Skin irritation
respiratory tract irritation
Acute toxicity
Flammability

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
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Formaldehyde	50-00-0	100	500		
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SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)
Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Listed: January 1, 1988

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Merthiolate (as mercury) (CAS 54-64-8)

Listed: July 1, 1990

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**Issue date** 05-05-2017**Version #** 01

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Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.